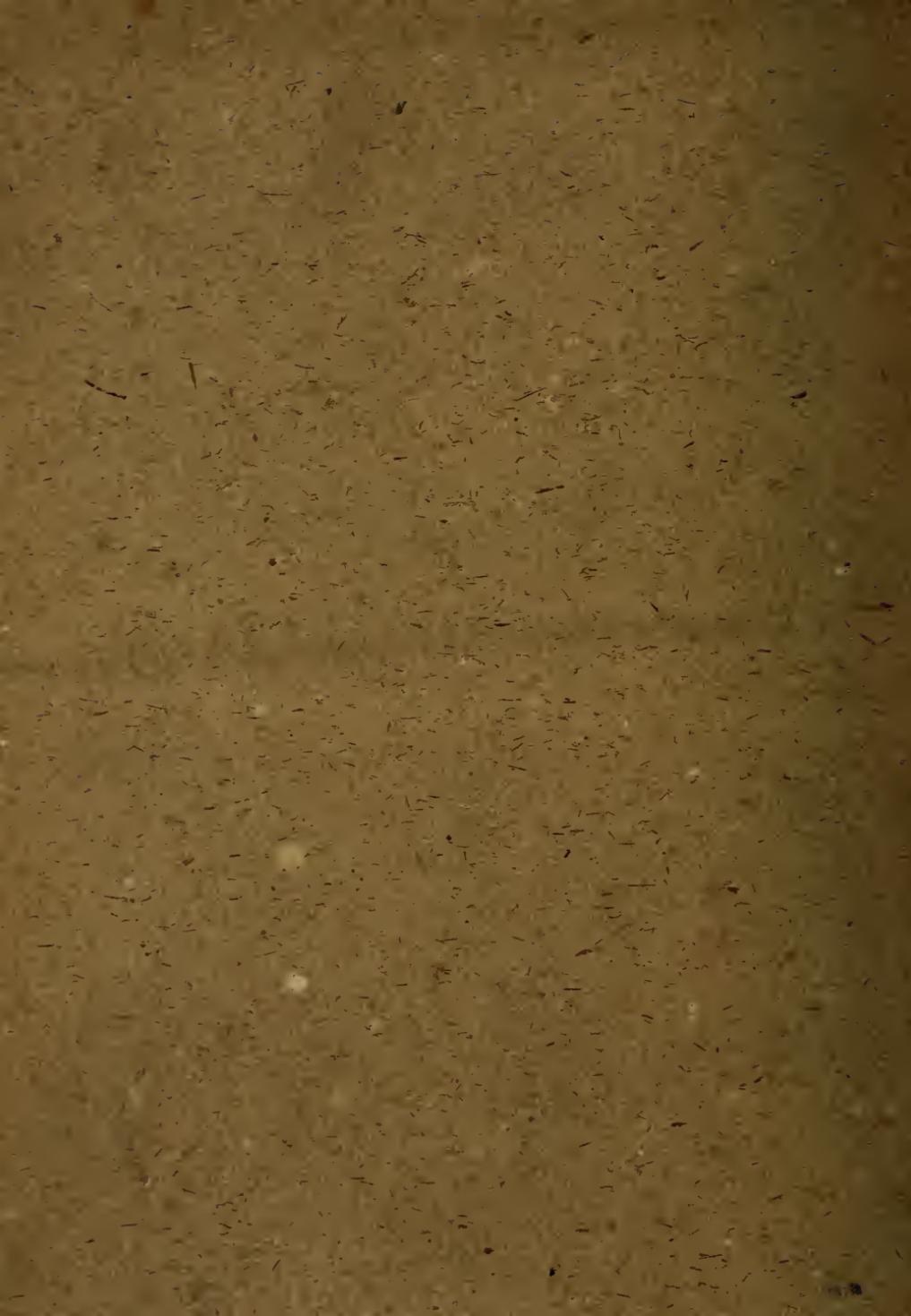


Mass. Indian Assoc.,
Cambridge Branch.

Constitution

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THE CONSTITUTION

OF THE

CAMBRIDGE BRANCH

OF THE

Massachusetts Indian Association

AND A LIST OF ITS

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS FOR 1893

WITH

Reports by the President and Treasurer

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

JOHN FORD & SON, PRINTERS.

1893

THE CONSTITUTION

OF THE

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Massachusetts Indian Association

AND A LIST OF ITS

cont.

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS FOR 1893

WITH

Reports by the President and Treasurer



CAMBRIDGE, MASS.
JOHN FORD & SON, PRINTERS
1893

Prof. F. J. Child,

Dec. 5, 1893.

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.—NAME.

THIS organization shall be known as THE CAMBRIDGE
BRANCH OF THE MASSACHUSETTS INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

ARTICLE II.—OBJECTS.

The objects of this organization shall be, first, to strengthen by every means in its power such a Christian public sentiment as shall aid our government in abolishing all oppression of Indians within our national limits, and in granting to them the same protection of law that other races enjoy among us; secondly, to aid in the educational and mission work pursued by the Massachusetts Indian Association.

ARTICLE III.—WORK.

The general lines of work shall be, the circulation of literature adapted to the objects stated in ARTICLE II.; the holding of popular meetings, and the publication of articles in the press, which shall promote the growth of right sentiment concerning our national and our individual duty to the Indians; and the adoption of such other measures as, in the judgment of the Association, shall seem fitted to further the objects named in ARTICLE II.

ARTICLE IV.—OFFICERS.

This Association shall have the following officers: a President; Vice-Presidents, who shall represent the various churches in Cambridge; a Corresponding Secretary, who shall keep the Association informed of the work undertaken, state to the Executive Committee what subjects she wishes to bring before the Association, and conduct the general correspondence; a Recording Secretary, who shall keep the minutes of all the meetings, notify the officers of their election and the Committees of their appointment, and prepare the annual report; a Treasurer, who shall have charge of all the funds of the Association and disburse the same under the direction of the President and the Recording Secretary or of the Executive Committee; and an Auditor. All of these shall be elected at the annual meeting.

ARTICLE V.—EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The Executive Committee shall consist of the General Officers, the Chairmen of the several Sub-Committees, and such other members as the Association shall elect at the Annual Meeting.

The duty of this Committee shall be to manage the general work of the Association in harmony with that of the Massachusetts Indian Association and with its approval, and to vote the expenditure of the money.

The Chairman of each Sub-Committee shall report to the Executive Committee any plan of work adopted by her Committee, and shall be required to keep an account of the expenses, subject to the approval of the Executive Committee; the expenses to be met by the Treasurer.

The Executive Committee shall have power to fill any

vacancies that may occur in its numbers during the year, or to add to its numbers if necessary.

ARTICLE VI.—MEMBERSHIP.

Any person may be a member of the Association by the payment of one dollar annually to its treasury.

The payment of ten dollars shall constitute any person a Life Member. The payment of twenty-five dollars shall constitute any person a Patron. The payment of fifty dollars shall constitute any person an Honorary Member of this and of the Women's National Association.

ARTICLE VII.—MEETINGS.

An Annual Meeting of the Association shall be held in November of each year, at such place and time as may be appointed by the Executive Committee.

Other general meetings of the Association may be called by the President, the Recording Secretary, or any two members of the Executive Committee.

Regular meetings of the Executive Committee shall be held once a month from November to May inclusive, at such time and place as the Committee may determine. Special meetings of the Executive Committee may be called by the President, the Recording Secretary, or any two members of the Committee.

Twenty-five shall constitute a quorum at the meetings of the Association. Five shall constitute a quorum at the meetings of the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE VIII.—AMENDMENTS.

This Constitution may be amended by a majority vote at any general meeting of the Association, due notice of any proposed amendment having been inserted in the call for the meeting.

OFFICERS.

President.

MRS. W. W. GOODWIN,
5 Follen Street.

Corresponding Secretary.

MRS. J. C. FISK,
32 Quincy Street.

Recording Secretary.

MRS. H. N. WHEELER,
55 Garden Street.

Treasurer.

MISS ALICE M. JONES,
21 Kirkland St.

Auditor.

MRS. J. B. AMES,
11 Frisbie Place.

Vice-Presidents.

MRS. R. B. HALL.	MRS. C. L. HARDING.
MRS. EDWARD ABBOTT.	MRS. CHARLES HARRIS.
MRS. LOUIS AGASSIZ.	MISS CLARA HOWE.
MISS M. W. ALLEN.	MRS. M. E. HUNTER.
MRS. S. BATCHELDER.	MRS. ALEXANDER MCKENZIE.
MRS. D. N. BEACH.	MRS. WILLIAM LAWRENCE.
MRS. G. W. BICKNELL.	MRS. CHARLES OLMSTEAD.
MRS. W. A. BULLARD.	MRS. H. C. RAND.
MRS. WALTER CALLEY.	MRS. A. E. REYNOLDS.
MRS. E. R. CHAMPLIN.	MISS SARAH ROPES.
MRS. F. J. CHILD.	MRS. J. W. SNEATH.
MRS. J. P. COOKE.	MRS. J. F. SPALDING.
MRS. C. W. ELIOT.	MRS. W. W. WELLINGTON.
MRS. R. O. FULLER.	MRS. C. R. WOODS.
MRS. J. V. GARTON.	MRS. J. A. WOOLSON.
MRS. ASA GRAY.	MRS. T. F. WRIGHT.
MRS. E. M. GUSHEE.	MRS. S. E. WYMAN.
MISS CHARLOTTE HAPGOOD.	MRS. H. D. YERXA.

Executive Committee.

The President, the Vice-Presidents, the Corresponding and Recording Secretaries, the Treasurer, the Chairmen of the Standing Committees, ex-officio, and the following:

MRS. W. S. ALEXANDER.	MISS ALBERTA HOUGHTON.
MRS. G. F. ARNOLD.	MISS A. M. LONGFELLOW.
MISS MARIA BOWEN.	MRS. H. N. TILTON.

Public Meeting Committee.

MRS. J. B. AMES, *Chairman.*

MRS. ASA GRAY.	MISS LILIAN HORSFORD.
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Leaflet Committee.

MISS A. M. GOODWIN, *Chairman.*

MISS M. W. ALLEN.

| MISS E. H. STORER.

MRS. S. E. WYMAN.

Printing Committee.

MISS KATE HORSFORD, *Chairman.*

MRS. H. N. WHEELER.

| MRS. A. M. HOWE.

Press Committee.

MISS ELLEN S. BULFINCH, *Chairman.*

MRS. W. W. GOODWIN.

| MISS E. H. STORER.

List of Members.

Miss Anne W. Abbot.	Mrs. F. Bowen.
Mrs. E. H. Abbot.	Miss H. E. Bowen.
Mrs. Edward Abbott.	Miss Maria Bowen.
Mrs. Louis Agassiz.	Miss Edith Bradford.
Miss Annie Albro.	Mrs. John Brooks.
Mrs. W. S. Alexander.	Mrs. S. G. Bulfinch.
Miss M. W. Allen.	Miss E. S. Bulfinch.
Mrs. J. B. Ames.	Mrs. Joseph Bullard.
Mrs. W. S. Apsey.	Mrs. W. A. Bullard.
Mrs. G. F. Arnold.	Mrs. F. J. Burnstead.
Mrs. A. R. Bayley.	Miss A. E. Buttrick.
Mrs. John Bartlett.	Mrs. Walter Calley.
Mrs. Samuel Batchelder.	Mrs. Nathaniel Carr.
Mrs. D. N. Beach.	Mrs. D. O. Chamberlin.
Miss A. A. Beck.	Mrs. E. R. Champlin.
Mrs. J. W. Bemis.	Mrs. F. L. Chapman.
Mrs. E. K. Benson.	Mrs. G. S. Chase.
Miss S. C. Bent.	Mrs. F. J. Child.
Mrs. G. W. Bicknell.	Miss H. M. C. Child.
Mrs. Charles Blaney.	Miss Angela Cook.

Mrs. William Cook.	Mrs. W. M. Gregware.
Mrs. J. P. Cooke.	Mrs. E. M. Gushee.
Mrs. L. F. Cornelius.	Mrs. H. A. Hagen.
Miss Ada L. Cushman.	Mrs. Ellen Hall.
Mrs. O. B. Darling.	Mrs. R. B. Hall.
Mrs. A. McF. Davis.	Miss S. F. Hall.
Mrs. George Dexter.	Mrs. J. W. Hammond.
Mrs. S. B. Dodge.	Miss Esther Hannum.
Mrs. A. E. Douglass.	Mrs. L. M. Hannum.
Miss A. A. Douglass.	Miss Charlotte Hapgood.
Miss Louise Dresser.	Mrs. C. L. Harding.
Mrs. O. H. Durrell.	Mrs. Charles Harris.
Mrs. C. W. Eliot.	Mrs. H. H. Haynes.
Mrs. C. W. Elliott.	Miss C. A. Hedge.
Miss Mary Ellis.	Miss A. E. Henchman.
Mrs. S. R. Ellis.	Miss M. E. Herman.
Mrs. Henry Endicott.	Miss F. E. Hildreth.
Miss C. A. Farley.	Mrs. H. O. Hildreth.
Mrs. George Fisher.	Mrs. F. S. Hill.
Mrs. J. C. Fisk.	Mrs. J. P. Hopkinson.
Mrs. Norton Folsom.	Miss L. W. Hopkinson
Miss S. M. Folsom.	Miss M. E. Hopkinson.
Mrs. R. O. Fuller.	Mrs. E. N. Horsford.
Mrs. J. E. Gale.	Miss C. C. F. Horsford.
Mrs. W. Whitworth Gannett.	Miss Kate Horsford.
Mrs. W. Wyllys Gannett.	Miss Lilian Horsford.
Mrs. J. V. Garton.	Mrs. H. O. Houghton, Jr.
Mrs. F. B. Gilman.	Miss A. M. Houghton.
Mrs. H. R. Glover.	Miss J. F. Houghton.
Mrs. J. G. Gooch.	Mrs. A. M. Howe.
Mrs. G. L. Goodale.	Miss Clara Howe.
Mrs. L. M. Goodnow.	Mrs. E. S. Hunt.
Miss A. M. Goodwin.	Mrs. Mary E. Hunter.
Mrs. H. B. Goodwin.	Miss Gertrude Hyde.
Mrs. W. W. Goodwin.	Miss M. J. Jacques.
Mrs. Asa Gray.	Mrs. H. C. G. von Jagemann.
Miss E. Gray.	Mrs. William James.
Miss Frances Gray.	Mrs. T. S. Jamieson.
Mrs. James Greenleaf.	Mrs. Marshall Johnson.
Mrs. H. G. Greenough.	Miss A. M. Jones.
Mrs. J. B. Greenough.	Mrs. C. L. Jones.

Mrs. H. E. Jones.	Mrs. A. D. Phelps.
Mrs. L. S. Jones.	Mrs. C. A. Phelps.
Miss S. E. Jones.	Mrs. E. C. Pickering.
Mrs. A. P. Kelly.	Mrs. F. W. Putnam.
Mrs. O. F. Kendall.	Mrs. H. C. Rand. -
Mrs. Alfred Kidder.	Miss J. T. Rand.
Mrs. G. A. Kimball.	Mrs. John Read.
Miss C. F. Lamb.	Mrs. William Read.
Mrs. George Lamb.	Mrs. A. E. Reynolds.
Mrs. W. B. Lambert.	Mrs. George Richards.
Mrs. C. M. Lane.	Mrs. W. P. Richards.
Mrs. George Lawrence.	Mrs. W. T. Richardson.
Mrs. William Lawrence.	Miss C. Riddle.
Miss G. F. Leonard.	Mrs. G. B. Roberts.
Miss A. M. Longfellow.	Mrs. W. J. Rolfe.
Mrs. M. P. Lowe.	Miss Sarah Ropes.
Mrs. W. P. Lunt.	Mrs. G. E. Ryder.
Mrs. D. G. Lyon.	Miss N. P. Sanborn.
Miss F. M. Mackay.	Mrs. G. S. Saunders.
Mrs. M. E. MacKaye.	Mrs. H. M. Saville.
Mrs. J. S. March.	Mrs. M. E. Simmons.
Mrs. Alexander McKenzie.	Miss Hannah Smith.
Mrs. M. M. Marshall.	Mrs. H. S. Smith.
Mrs. W. A. Morrison.	Mrs. J. F. Spalding.
Mrs. George Minot.	Miss A. A. Steele.
Mrs. L. T. Moore.	Miss E. H. Storer.
Miss Sarah Moore.	Mrs. E. W. Stoughton.
Miss V. M. Morse.	Mrs. S. H. Swan.
Miss M. Murdock.	Miss E. H. Sweet.
Miss H. Murphy.	Mrs. J. B. Taylor.
Mrs. N. C. Nash.	Mrs. J. H. Thayer.
Miss C. F. Orne.	Miss S. S. Thayer.
Miss M. E. Orne.	Mrs. A. C. Thornton.
Miss S. H. Page.	Mrs. J. G. Thorp, Jr.
Mrs. J. S. Paine.	Mrs. H. N. Tilton.
Miss J. W. Paine.	Mrs. R. N. Toppan.
Miss A. R. Palfrey.	Miss Elizabeth Torrey.
Miss S. H. Palfrey.	Mrs. S. E. Turner.
Miss Clara Parsons.	Mrs. A. A. Vaughan.
Mrs. F. G. Peabody.	Mrs. Benjamin Vaughan.
Miss M. R. Peabody.	Miss Bertha Vaughan.

Mrs. A. S. Waitt.
 Miss A. S. Ware.
 Miss C. L. Ware.
 Mrs. J. B. Warner.
 Mrs. Rufus Warren.
 Mrs. Emory Washburn.
 Mrs. A. C. Wellington.
 Mrs. W. W. Wellington.
 Miss I. W. Wentworth.
 Mrs. Henry Westcott.
 Mrs. H. N. Wheeler.
 Mrs. J. G. White.
 Mrs. S. B. Whiting.

Mrs. E. P. Whitman.
 Mrs. F. W. Whittemore.
 Mrs. G. W. Whittemore.
 Mrs. Arthur Wilkinson.
 Mrs. C. F. Wilson.
 Mrs. R. W. Willson.
 Mrs. C. A. Winthrop.
 Mrs. C. R. Woods.
 Mrs. J. A. Woolson.
 Mrs. T. F. Wright.
 Mrs. C. F. Wyman.
 Mrs. S. E. Wyman.
 Mrs. H. D. Yerxa.

Life Members.

Miss Anne W. Abbot.
 Mrs. E. H. Abbot.
 Mrs. J. B. Ames.
 Miss E. S. Bulfinch.
 Mrs. O. B. Darling.
 Mrs. S. B. Dodge.
 Mrs. J. C. Fisk.
 Mrs. W. W. Goodwin.
 *Mrs. E. W. Gurney.

Mrs. C. L. Harding.
 *Mrs. H. O. Houghton.
 Miss A. M. Jones.
 Mrs. L. S. Jones.
 Miss S. S. Thayer.
 Mrs. G. W. Whittemore.
 Mrs. Arthur Wilkinson.
 Mrs. C. R. Woods.
 *Mrs. Morrill Wyman.

*Deceased.

PRESIDENT'S REPORT.

As we close this, the seventh year of our existence as an Association, it seems wise to reprint our Constitution in its slightly amended form, together with a list of the present officers and members, a report from the Treasurer, showing how much money has been received and spent in that time, and a few words about our work.

On January 21, 1886, a meeting was held in the vestry of the First Parish Church, to consider whether it was advisable to form a Branch of the Massachusetts Indian Association in Cambridge. The meeting was addressed by Mrs. Quinton, then the Secretary, now the President, of the Women's National Indian Association, of which the Massachusetts Association is a branch, and by Miss Dewey, the Corresponding Secretary of the Massachusetts Branch. It was decided to form a Cambridge Branch, and thirty-three ladies enrolled themselves as members. Mrs. W. W. Goodwin was chosen Secretary; and Mrs. F. J. Child, Mrs. J. B. Ames, and Mrs. H. O. Houghton were constituted a Nominating Committee, to report a list of officers at the first regular meeting. On January 28, this Committee reported; and Mrs. H. O. Houghton was chosen President, Mrs. A. M. Howe, Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. W. W. Goodwin, Recording Secretary, and Miss A. M. Jones, Treasurer. On February 15, the first donations were put into the treasury, \$6.00 from "Red Jacket," and \$1.00 from "a Friend;" and the first membership fees were paid. On March 6, the Constitution was adopted and the Executive Committee chosen, and after the general meeting the Executive Committee held its first meeting and appointed the Standing Committees, and the Association was fairly under way. Perhaps it may increase the confidence of the members in the management

of the Association to know that the meetings of the Executive Committee have been held regularly every month from November to May inclusive, without a single break, and that there has always been, at least, a quorum present (generally two or three times that number), so that the work of the Association has been carried on uninterrupted from the beginning.

What is the work of the Association? This the Constitution sets forth in Articles II. and III.; and it has been faithfully done, according to the best light of the officers in charge. We came into existence in '86, just at a critical time in the passage of the Dawes Bill, giving the Indians land in severalty with the accompanying right of citizenship, and our first piece of work was to send petitions to Congress, urging its claims. This we did together with the Cambridge Branch of the Indian Rights Association, with whom we have always been on the most friendly terms; indeed, most of our public work has been done with them, and almost all the public meetings that have been held in Cambridge have been under the auspices of the two Associations combined. The Dawes Bill became law in February, 1887, and the Indian problem seemed to be nearing its solution. But this measure, great and wise as it is, brought with it its own new difficulties, and now we are anxious lest the Indians receive their lands and become citizens too fast, lest they be forced on to their feet before they can keep their balance, and thrust out into an unfriendly world to take their chance with all the important conditions of the new life against them. It is the insatiate desire of the land grabbers for the lands that are left after the allotments have been made, that is goading the Government into doing this work too fast, and these men are not the kind to make good neighbors for this untrained mass of new Indian citizens. By the provisions of the Dawes Bill the Indian lands are inalienable for twenty-five years, the General Government holding them in trust for that length of time. This is a thoroughly wise provision, as without it the Indians might ignorantly sign away their lands for some paltry sum and be left beggars; but the Government pays no taxes on these lands, and consequently the white men grudge to

the Indian the use of the roads and bridges, the school houses and courts, to whose support he does not contribute, and they refuse to open new roads for his benefit, or build new school houses within reach of his children, so that practically he has to live in a wilderness. We cannot expect him to make much progress under these circumstances. I think we must face these difficulties, and urge the Government to allot the lands only when the Indians, not when the land-grabbers, are ready, and to pay the proper taxes while it holds these lands in trust, as any trustee would do for the estates for which he was responsible. A resolution to this effect was passed at the annual meeting of the National Association in Brooklyn, last December, and was sent to Washington.

In January, 1892, our Association, together with the Cambridge Branch of the Indian Rights Association, held a meeting in Sanders Theatre and drew up three resolutions to be sent to Congress,—one urging the pressing need of law on the Reservations, which we strengthened by quoting also the resolution of the American Bar Association to the same effect, passed in August, 1891; one begging that the Southern Utes be allowed to remain on their Reservation in Colorado: and one urging a generous appropriation for Indian education. The appropriations have been generous, though not yet sufficient, and the Southern Utes are still undisturbed, though, perhaps, not perfectly safe; but the question of the establishment of law has met with no response from Congress. This matter has been urged again and again by leading lawyers and by well-known friends of the Indians, but until some man in Washington really believes that it is a solemn duty and insists on it that Congress shall believe it and act on the belief, the Indians still on the Reservations must remain under the semi-despotic power of ignorant agents, and get their idea of justice from the arbitrary and ever changing rules and regulations of the Indian Bureau, and all the efforts of our teachers and missionaries must be, as Bishop Hare says, “like the struggles of drowning men weighted with lead, so long as by the absence of law Indian society is left without a base.”

Besides sending these petitions as representative of the feeling of our Association, we have done what we could to form a just public opinion on the many questions concerning the Indians' welfare as they have arisen. We have held every year three, and some years four, public meetings, at which a great variety of people have spoken. Bishop Hare and Bishop Gilbert, General Crook, General Armstrong, and Captain Ewell, Rev. Lyman Abbott, Dr. Austin Abbott, Rev. Edward Everett Hale, and Rev. Joseph Ward, Dr. Sheldon Jackson, Mr. Painter, and Mr. Duncan, Professor Thayer, Professor Putnam, Mr. Wood, and Mr. Davis, Mr. Tibbles and his wife, Bright Eyes, Mrs. Quinton, Mrs. Kinney, Mrs. Bullard, Miss Robertson, Miss Collins, Miss Sybil Carter, Miss Grace Howard, Walter Battice (a Sax and Fox Indian), Fire-Cloud (a Dakota), and others.

We have distributed many of the publications of both the Indian Rights and the Women's National Associations, the annual reports of the Massachusetts Association and of our own Branch, and other smaller leaflets, being, perhaps, most proud of the "Remarks" made by Professor James B. Thayer at a meeting in May, 1886, which we printed ourselves, and of "A People without Law," also by Professor Thayer, reprinted from the Atlantic Monthly by the Boston Indian Citizenship Committee. And your Press Committee has sent innumerable small articles to the Cambridge and to the Boston papers. How much all this helps to make public opinion we cannot know; but it is quite evident that public opinion has changed very much between the old days when that false and cruel expression, "There is no good Indian but a dead Indian," was heard on all sides and the weeks following the last outbreak, at Pine Ridge, in 1890, when the papers were full, not of cries of vengeance for the whites, but of calls for redress for the Indians.

This work all belongs properly to the first of the two objects for which our Association exists. What have we done for the second object? How have we aided "in the educational and mission work pursued by the Massachusetts Indian Association?" At the time when we came into existence, the Massachusetts Association was supporting

a teacher among the Digger Indians at Round Valley, Cal., and was anxious to associate another teacher with her. We paid \$250, half the salary of this second teacher, Miss Boorman, for a year, and then this mission was handed over to the Baptist Home Missionary Society. The Massachusetts Association then undertook the support of Dr. Hensel at the Omaha Agency, and we contributed our share towards his salary until he left the Mission and it was passed over to the care of the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions. Then, in 1890, Massachusetts undertook the care of a school at Mt. Vernon Barracks, Ala., for the children of the Apache prisoners-of-war there, and we have gladly contributed towards the salary of the teachers, the two sisters, Miss Sophie and Miss Margaret Shepard. This is a most interesting and successful school, and we have been kept well informed of its progress by monthly letters from Miss Shepard, and by letters from that wise and faithful friend of the Indian, Lieut. Wotherspoon, the officer in charge of these Apaches, as well as by personal interviews with him in his visits to the North. This school will probably continue for some time longer, though it is impossible to say how long the prisoners will be kept in these Barracks. And you will see, by reference to the treasurer's report, that we have tried in many other ways to give what help and comfort we could to this race, which is struggling out of darkness; by sending out magazines to different schools and to the reading rooms that are being established at several of the Agencies, to help the returned students to keep up their connection with the outer world; by paying the tuition of a promising young Indian, Joshua Metoxen, at Hampton; by aid to the Cornelius girls, who are studying at the High School in Boston; by Christmas trees and gifts to the wondering little Indian children, who are hearing for the first time of Christmas and all it means to the world; by barrels of clothing for the men and women, who are changing their blankets for the dress of civilization, etc., etc. And through the Home Building and Loan Department of the National Association we have helped Miss Grace Howard to add to her most successful school, and we have devoted \$200 to the use

of young Indian couples anxious to build civilized cottages in which to begin their married life. This last loan was a tribute to the memory of our much regretted first president, Mrs. Houghton. We chose this form of memorial because she was particularly interested in this object.

Just now we are much interested in the work of the Field Matrons, the women whom Government sends out to teach the Indian women how to make a home. One of them, Miss Mary E. Raymond, writes to us from New Mexico how much she wishes she could buy two ploughs, small enough for the Indian ponies to draw, and some shovels and other agricultural implements, to lend to the men, who are eager to break up their land and make irrigating ditches and get started on their farms; and how much she wishes she could hire a white man who understands the matter, to come for a day and mark out the lines for the ditches, so that the Indian men could work to advantage and get ready for the home the women are to keep. It was with real pleasure that we voted \$75.00 to her at our last Executive Committee meeting. And certainly with no less pleasure we sent \$100.00 to Captain Pratt, to help him to pay the expenses of his Indian boys at the World's Fair next summer and show the effects of the education and the training of the school at Carlisle. We hear that these boys were one of the most interesting features of the procession at the opening of the Fair, and made quite a sensation as they marched through the streets in perfect step and line, armed with long poles, at the end of which were displayed the symbols of their peaceful occupations, hammers, saws, spades, the printer's type, the tailor's scissors, and the blacksmith's anvil; and that the hearts of the multitude answered with a quick thrill and a spontaneous cheer the grave and graceful salutation of these children of the soil to the representative of the Nation which henceforth must be theirs, and to the flag which they have already learned to honor.

We cannot enumerate all the many ways that are open to us to help our red brothers. We can only say that the number increases as the Indians come more and more into the light, and their manifold

needs become better known. Some time they will stand entirely on their own feet, but not until they have been taught what it is to be good, self-respecting, self-supporting American citizens; and they have yet much to learn. The Executive Committee feel that it is still the duty of this Association to do its best to establish these men in their rights, and to teach them how to maintain them and how to respect the rights of others, and how to support themselves in the new and higher life opening before them; and they trust the means to do so will be forthcoming. The Association is already much indebted to the cordial kindness of its friends. The churches have been freely opened to it, the pastors of these churches have been uniformly kind and helpful, and the University has always been ready to lend its theatre. The Cambridge Social Dramatic Club has given several entertainments for its benefit. Mr. Lowell, Dr. Holmes, Rev. Samuel Longfellow, Col. T. W. Higginson, Mr. Charles Dudley Warner, Professor Böcher, Dr. Charles Putnam, Mr. Hayes, Mrs. Deland, Mrs. Wiggin, Miss Wesselhoeft, and others have read for it. Mr. Osgood, Mr. Locke, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Bullard, and Mr. G. C. Bullard, Mdlle. Avigiana, Miss Bennett, Miss Ellis, Miss Lathrop, Mr. Schwartz, Mr. Howard, the Harvard Glee and Banjo Clubs, the Pierian Sodality, the Boy Choir of St. James's, and others have played and sung for it. Dr. Rolfe gave two of his lectures on Shakspeare, Mr. Lincoln came on from New York and gave a number of his unpublished magazine "Uncut Leaves," Miss Baker read her interesting historical paper on "Esther Wheelwright," and young and old helped us at our recent fair. And the public has always responded most generously to our requests for suitable clothes and books and toys for the Christmas boxes. This year so many things were sent that they had to be divided, and two boxes went out, one to the Southern Utes in Colorado, and one to the Otoe Agency, Ind. Ter. Will not every member of the Association do something this year, even if it is only a little? If each member would interest some one person and persuade her to join us, it would be a most effective form of help, for not only would the regular income then be doubled, but knowledge

of the work would be spread, and with wider knowledge almost invariably comes greater interest. The membership fee is a dollar a year, and should be sent to the treasurer, Miss A. M. Jones, 21 Kirkland St., Cambridge. The work is in the truest sense national. We are trying to make up as best we can for the grievous wrong our Nation has done to these human brothers by its long course of ill treatment, and to save to our country the elements of courage and endurance that this race embodies. Whether these men shall become low, whiskey-drinking, lawless discontents, or self-respecting, dignified, law-abiding citizens, must depend in great measure on the strenuous efforts of such people as see the dangers and believe in the possibilities.

ELLEN A. GOODWIN, *President.*

February 15, 1893.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER,

From February 15th, 1886, to February 15th, 1893.

Dr.

To Cash received from Annual Fees	.	.	.	.	\$1,491.00
" " " Donations	.	.	.	.	216.00
" " " Life Membership Fees	.	.	.	.	180.00
" " " Entertainments	.	.	.	.	2,119.39
" " " A Fair	.	.	.	.	1,005.00
" " " Churches and Sunday Schools	.	.	.	.	35.00
" " " Public Meetings	.	.	.	.	96.22
" " " Sale of Leaflets	.	.	.	.	1.00
" " " Interest on Deposits	.	.	.	.	45.36
					<hr/>
					\$5,188.97

REPORT OF THE TREASURER.

	Cr.
By Cash paid, Memorial to Mrs. H. O. Houghton (Home Building Fund)	\$200.00
" " Indian Libraries and Reading Rooms.	125.00
" " Scholarship at Hampton	140.00
" " Legal Aid, etc., through the Boston Indian Citizenship Committee	427.00
" " towards the higher education of two Indian girls	100.00
" " salaries of Teachers in Indian schools	1,060.00
" " the education of an Indian child in Northfield	15.00
" " new room at Apache School	50.00
" " furnishing Schools at Crescent Mills	25.00
" " " Wichita	13.75
" " " Pine Ridge	12.10
" " " Wounded Knee Camp	10.00
" " " Sisseton	20.00
" " Field Matron, Navajo Agency	75.00
" " Grace Howard Fund	100.00
" " Emergency "	50.00
" " Ramona "	75.00
" " Captain R. H. Pratt (Carlisle)	100.00
" " Mr. Duncan's Settlement at Metlakahtla	250.00
" " Miss Carter	85.00
" " Miss Collins	25.00
" " Dr. Susan La Flesche	50.00
" " Omaha Hospital	28.00
" " Dues to National Association	194.00
" " National Association (for general needs)	50.00
" " Leaflets and Newspapers	80.39
" " Postage	136.33
" " Printing	152.24
" " Stationery	60.25
" " Expressage and Freight	42.34
" " Public meetings and expenses of Delegates	232.57
" " Christmas Trees and Boxes	200.57
	<u>\$4,184.54</u>
Balance	1,004.43
	<u><u>\$5,188.97</u></u>

ALICE M. JONES, *Treasurer.*

I have examined the above accounts and find them accurate.

SARAH R. AMES, *Auditor.*

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolutions passed at the Annual Meeting of the Women's National Indian Association, Brooklyn, N. Y., December, 1892.

1st. Whereas, There are in this country 40,000 Indian children of school age, of which number but 24,000 are provided with school privileges, therefore,

Resolved, That Congress be urged to make such an appropriation as shall adequately meet the needs of these "wards of the nation," whose only hope of future usefulness as citizens of the United States rests in the education they may receive within the next decade.

2d. *Resolved*, That we commend to the consideration of the Secretary of the Interior the proposition to make provision at the earliest possible date for Field Matrons to serve upon all reservations where special help and guidance may be needed by Indian women and children; the duties of such matrons to be the instruction of these Indians in the proprieties of life, in caring for their homes and for the sick, and in other ways to fit them for a higher plane of life.

3d. Whereas, The Commissioners charged with the duty of settling the Mission Indians' affairs were unable to adjust such cases as were already or might be carried into court, involving the homes of many of those Indians; and whereas, upon the recommendation of Commissioners, the President and the Secretary of the Interior have instructed the special counsel appointed under authority of law to appear in behalf of the Indians in the suit now pending for their ejectment from Agua Caliente, and have also instructed said counsel to take necessary steps to quiet the title of the Indians of the San Ysabel and San Felipe Ranches, therefore,

Resolved, That Congress be urged to make an immediate appropriation for the compensation of said counsel and for the necessary expenses of such suits.

4th. Whereas, The general severalty law, under which Indians become citizens of the several states or territories, exempts their land from taxation for local purposes, and, whereas, the white people residing near Indians holding land in severalty for this reason refuse to build roads and school-houses, and to enforce wholly at their own expense existing laws in cases where only Indians are involved as wrong-doers or sufferers of wrong doing, therefore,

Resolved, That Congress be memorialized and urged to treat the land of the Indians like other trust property, and duly to pay the taxes thereon from the sale of the surplus land of the Indians.

5th. *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Interior be urged to at once take measures for the strict enforcement of the laws against the illicit sale of intoxicating liquors to Indians.

6th. *Resolved*, That this Association places on record its hearty endorsement of the wise, progressive, and Christian policy of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, General Thomas J. Morgan; also the hope that, while administrations come and go, there may be no departure from the high and hopeful ground which is to-day held by the Indian Department of the United States Government.

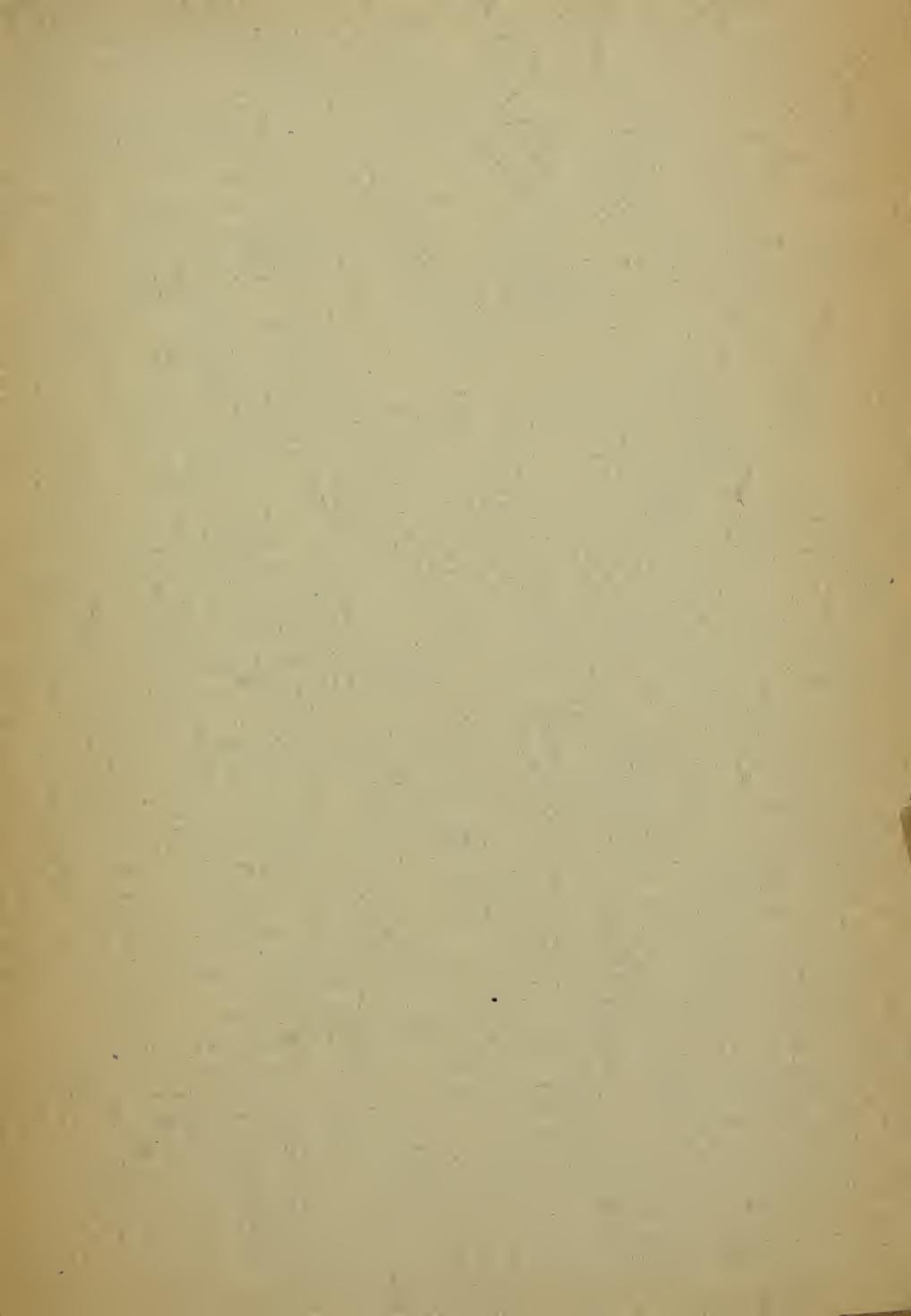
7th. *Resolved*, That the thanks of this Association be extended to Senator Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts, for his earnest interest in the welfare of the so called "wards of the nation;" for his unwavering faith in their capacity for mental and moral improvement; and for his untiring efforts as Chairman of the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs so to direct national legislation that the Indians of this country are at last about to take their rightful place as self-supporting and self-respecting citizens of the United States.

To our thanks for his unremitting services in behalf of the cause for which we are laboring we desire to add the earnest hope that he may be spared to witness the full fruition of his faith in the race of native Americans and of his efforts for them.

8th. *Resolved*, That this Association most respectfully, but urgently, begs that Congress shall at this its present session extend the laws of the states and territories over the Indian reservations that lie within them, and provide that these laws shall be administered under the authority of the United States.

9th. *Resolved*, That this Association most respectfully urges Congress, at this its present session, to extend the rules of the Civil Service over all the officers and employés of the Indian Bureau, so that the whole Indian Department may be lifted out of the reach of party politics.

10th. *Resolved*, That this Association returns its hearty thanks to the ladies of the Brooklyn Indian Association for their warm welcomes and generous hospitalities; also to the pastor, the trustees, the organist, musicians, and ushers, and to the sexton of Clinton Avenue Congregational Church, where we have been so cordially entertained.



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